# **Quiz Details**

☐ Show Question Details

Quiz Instructions:

Hi, Juniors,

This 45 question quiz is not timed and will be due December 6th. You are allowed to look at your slides posted to Canvas as well as the IBC link. Do not look for the information on the web as some can be misleading and not accurate. You can also use your Codes book, but all the information should be on the presentation and lecture slides. You will see an indication above the question to which topic it is referred to.

Good luck and feel free to reach out if you have any questions.

#### **Question**

#### **Concrete:** (fill in the blank)

\_\_\_acts as a binder- a substance that sets and hardens independently and can hold other materials together.

#### Question

#### **Gypsum/plaster**

When Gypsum Wallboard becomes wet and moldy, it can be recycled and be used for molding and casting.

## **Question**

## **Gypsum/plaster**

has a level of embodied energy, about half of cement. Although gypsum is a readily available material, it can be environmentally damaging.

## **Question**

#### **Paint**

LRV is a numerical rating that indicates how much heat and a light color will reflect. What does LRV stand for?

#### **Question**

#### **Paint**

Primers limit absorbency and keep imperfections from showing through.

## **Question**

#### Wood

Hardness is based on species and is rated by the Janka Hardness Rating. The lower the rating the harder the wood.

## Wood:

What saw type is showing in this image?



## **Question**

#### **Glass**

Which of the following is a type of glass that breaks easily, producing long, sharp splinters.

## Question

#### Glass:

Which of the following sentences is true about glass?

## **Question**

## Stone, Masonry, and Concrete Masonry Units

\_\_\_are used for exterior walkways.

## Stone, Masonry, and Concrete Masonry Units

Which of the following stone is form by the compression of clay and shale sediments?

## **Question**

#### **Metals**

Powdered aluminum is used in heat-resistant paint and for pigments.

## **Question**

#### **Metals:**

Which of the following is not a type of "ferrous" metal?

## **Question**

#### **Plastics**

The first man-made plastic material, celluloid, patented in 1855 by who?



#### **Plastics:**

Fillers increase resistance to UV rays, oxygen, and other environmental chemicals

## **Question**

## **Egress, Doors, Windows and Glass ratings**

Which statement is true about means of egress ratings?

## **Question**

## Egress, Doors, Windows, and Glass ratings

Which of the following is **not** true about stairways?

## Question

## Egress, Doors, Windows, and Glass ratings

Which statement is **NOT** true about smoke barriers?

Egr	ess.	Doors,	Windows,	and	<b>Glass</b>	ratings

Which statement is **NOT** true about fire-rated doors?

## Question

## Egress, Doors, Windows, and Glass ratings

Which one of the following is a characteristic of clear ceramic?

## Question

## Egress, Doors, Windows, and Glass ratings

Which is not a type of glazing?

## **Question**

## Fire and Smoke Assemblies/Hourly Ratings

The main purpose of the firewall is to provide a complete <u>horizontal</u> separation of areas in the building.

#### Fire and Smoke Assemblies/Hourly Ratings

Which of the following does not describe an assembly?

## **Question**

## Fire and Smoke Assemblies/Hourly Ratings

Which of the following is **NOT** true about stairways

## **Question**

## Fire and Smoke Assemblies/Hourly Ratings

Which statement is true about fire barriers?

## **Question**

## Fire and Smoke Assemblies/Hourly Ratings

Which of the following is **NOT** an example of passive systems?

#### Fire and Smoke Assemblies/Hourly Ratings

Which statement is most true about horizontal assemblies?

## **Question**

#### Fire and Smoke Assemblies/Hourly Ratings

Dwelling and sleeping units within residential occupancies are required to have a separation of a fire partition between them: which of the following is **NOT** required to have a separate fire partition between them?

## **Question**

Occupancy classification:

What is an incidental occupancy?

## **Question**

#### **Codes and Materials Intro:**

More recent history has lead to other implications of building codes, especially fire resistance and preventative measures.

was formed in 1898 to provide testing of materials, development of standards, and provide written and technical information to insure its safety and quality.
Question
Occupancy Classification:  Group "I Occupancy" is classified as Industrial occupancy.
Question
Occupancy Classification:  Mixed occupancy is one, two, or more occupancies that occur in the same buildings and exceed of the space.
Question
Means of Egress:  Which of the following is NOT an exterior exit discharge?
Question
Means of Egress:is area or space in a building that serves individuals that are not able to use a stairway or elevator.

#### **Fire and Smoke Resistant Assembly:**

Gypsum wallboard is \_\_\_thick in residential structures and \_\_\_ thick in commercial structures.

## **Question**

## Fire and Smoke Resistant Assembly:

How many construction types are there and which level is most restrictive?

## **Question**

#### **Fiber Basics:**

Hundreds or even thousands of Nylon threads are wrapped together to make thicker and stronger yarns – similar to cotton but far stronger.

## **Question**

#### **Fiber Basics:**

Which sentence best describes the difference between Natural fibers and Synthetic fibers?

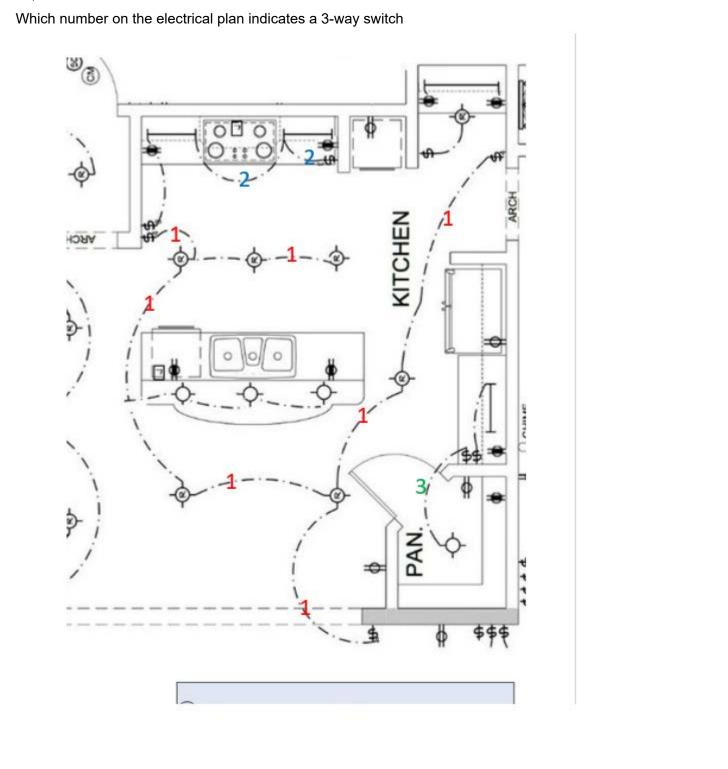
## **Image identification:**

According to the chart below, what is the occupancy lad factor of a daycare center that measures 600 square feet? (see slide 11 in occupancy classification PPT for the formula)

function of space	occupant load factor* 300 gross	
accessory storage areas, mechanical equipment room		
agricultural building	300 gross	
aircraft hangars	500 gross	
airport terminal baggage claim	20 gross	
baggage handling	300 gross	
concourse	100 gross	
waiting areas	15 gross	
assembly	1 (0.00)	
gaming floors (keno, slots, etc.)	11 gross	
exhibit gallery and museum	30 net	
assembly with fixed seats	See IBC Sec. 1004.4	
assembly without fixed seats	240	
concenerated (chairs only-not fixed)	7 net	
standing space	5 net	
unconcentrated (tables and chairs)	15 net	
bowling centers, allow 5 persons for each lane including 15 ft of runway, and for additional areas	7 net	
business areas	100 gross	
courtrooms—other than fixed seating areas	40 net	
day care	35 net	
formitories	50 gross	
educational		

## **Question**

## **Image identification:**

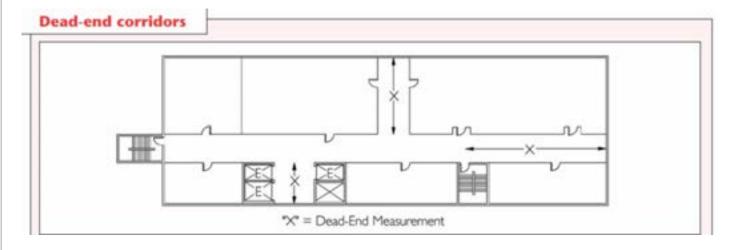


Which type of fire protection is indicated between the two homes in the image below?



## **Image identification:**

Indicated on this image below- is a dead-end corridor in a sprinkled building. What is the allowable distance? and what would it be if the building were not sprinkled? (See slide on means of egress).



#### Bonus question...

You own a small business that holds 5 people and where exits are limited. You are checking the codes to see if the occupancy classification always for one exit. According to the chart below (taken from the IBC), what is the maximum occupancy load for a small business?

Table 8.2

Spaces with One Exit or Exit Access Doorway (IBC Table 1015.1)

occupancy	maximum occupant load		
A, B, E, F, M, U	49		
H-1, H-2, H-3	3		
H-4, H-5, I-1, I-2, I-3, I-4, R	10		
S	29		

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